

Computational Analysis for Induction Heating of Moving Wire

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Background



- Inductive heating is common in the steel industry.
- This study concerns the induction heating of a strand wire running at line speed of 105 m/min or 1.8 m/s.
- Transient Frequency state (AC) modeling of the magnetic fields is coupled with the heat transfer.





CAD model of the Complete Induction Furnace designed in COMSOL



Coupling Maxwell and Energy equations

$$V_{Coil} = \sum_{i} v_{i} \qquad \qquad J_{s} = \frac{\sigma V_{Coil}}{2\pi r} \phi$$

Maxwell equation, involving Ampere & Faraday law :

$$\nabla \times H = -J = -(J_{induced} + J_s) = -(\sigma E + J_s)$$
$$\sigma \frac{\partial E}{\partial t} + \nabla \times \frac{1}{\mu} (\nabla \times E) = -\frac{\partial J_s}{\partial t}$$

Electromagnetic heat generation inside the load

$$\rho C_{p} \frac{\partial T2}{\partial T} + \rho C_{p} u \cdot \nabla T2 = \nabla \cdot (k \nabla T2) + Q$$

$$Q_{rh} = \frac{1}{2} R_{C} (J \cdot E), \ Q_{ml} = \frac{1}{2} R_{C} (J \omega B \cdot H), \qquad Q = Q_{rh} + Q_{ml}$$

Running wire (12 mm) surface temperature profile (deg C) along the length of the wire, 105m/min line speed, f= 4500 Hz





Running wire surface temperature profile (° C) along the length of the wire, 105m/min line speed, f= 4500 Hz



3D model : Redefined meshing









Temperature profile inside the strand



+0 Temperature along diameter (degC) **→**0.2 **≁**0.4 0.6 +0.8 -1 6 8 Diameter (mm)

 $\Delta T = 40 - 45 \deg C$



- Analysis of the 2D (axisymmetric) and 3D models under varying operating conditions.
 - Dependence of thermal profile with frequency
 - Dependence of line speed with thermal profile
- Developing correlation between the line speed and frequency for the ac supply.
- 3D Modelling of the complete strand wire applying power dissipated as heat source without using the furnace.