

Implementation of an EVP model for soft soils using COMSOL

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Introduction



- Why do we need a "creep" model?
 - To capture long term settlement in soft soils
 - To capture strain rate effects
- Is this material model enough?







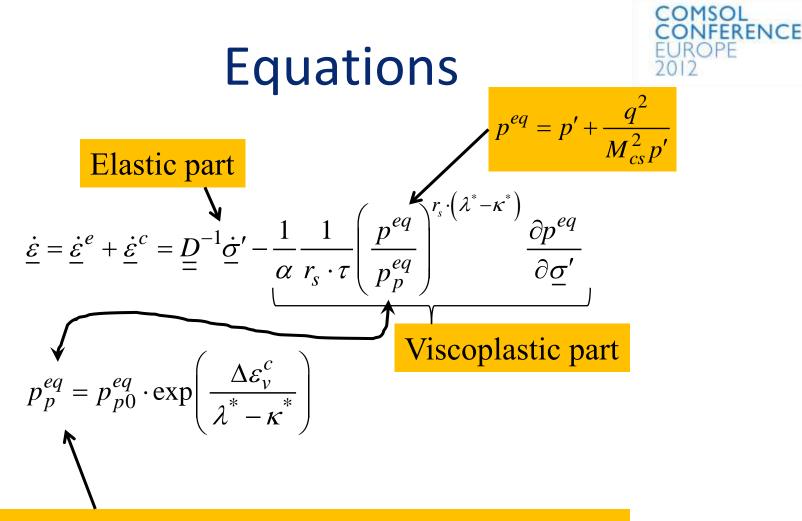
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The isotropic Elastic-ViscoPlastic model (EVP)

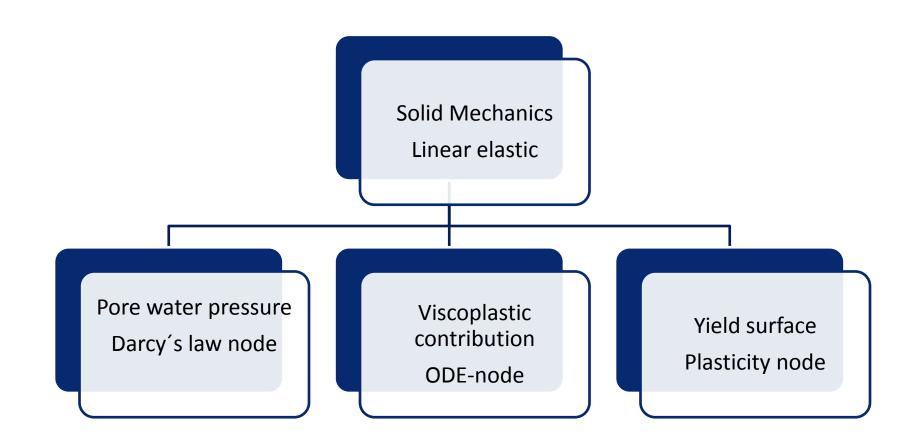
- Some basic features:
 - Stress-dependent stiffness
 - Distinction between primary loading and unloading-reloading
 - Viscoplastic "Creep" behaviour
 - Memory of preconsolidation pressure

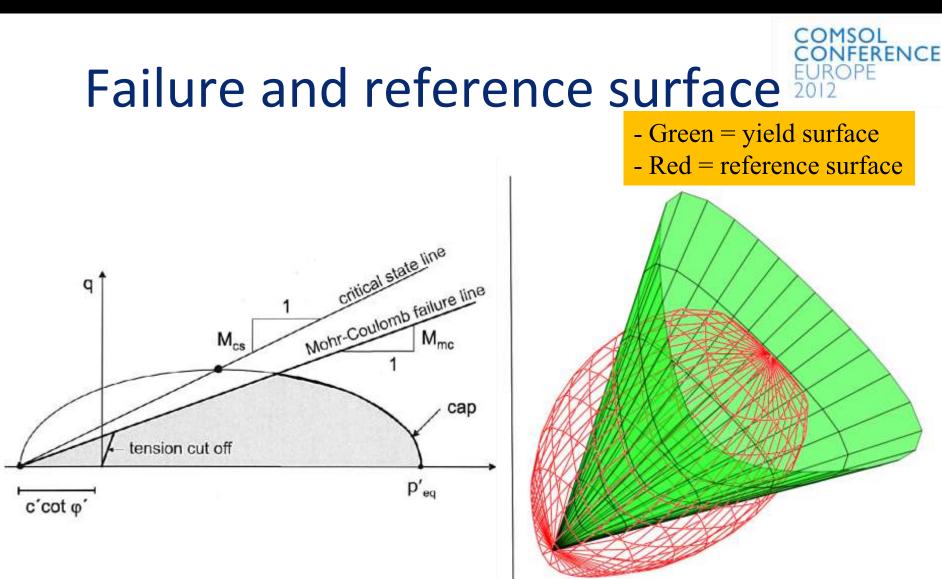


Viscoplastic strains control the preconsolidation pressure i.e. the size of the ellipse



Implementation in COMSOL







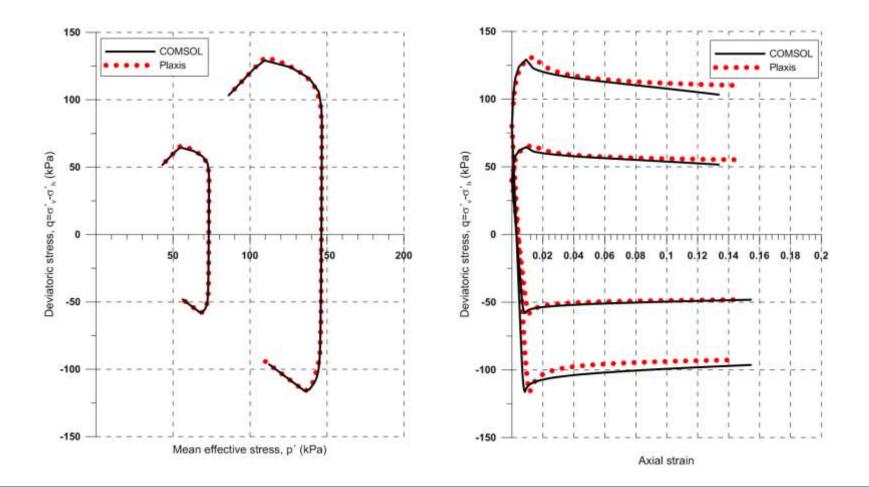


- Implementation is benchmarked against a commercial FE-code, Plaxis BV, with a very similar material model.
- Comparison between laboratory test and simulations, undrained triaxial test.
- Laboratory tests are modelled with axisymmetric conditions.
- Exact same material properties are used.

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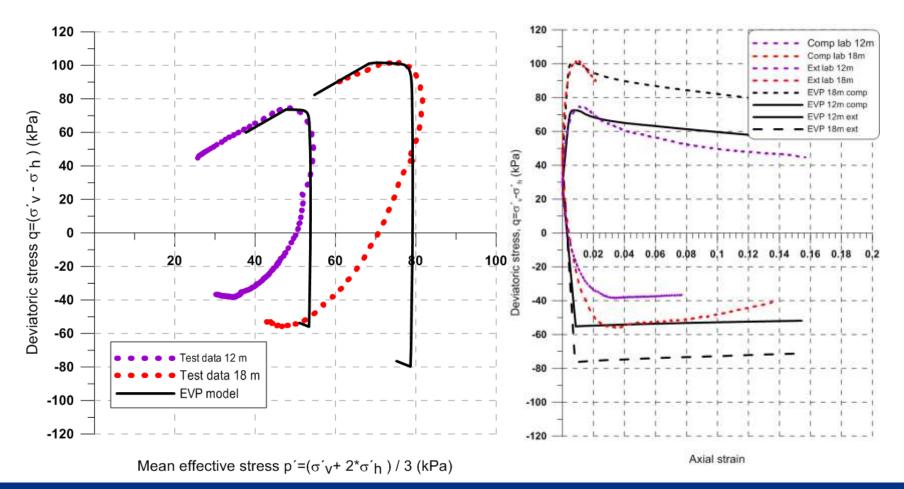


Benchmark results



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Comparison with laboratory CONFERENCE results – Triaxial tests

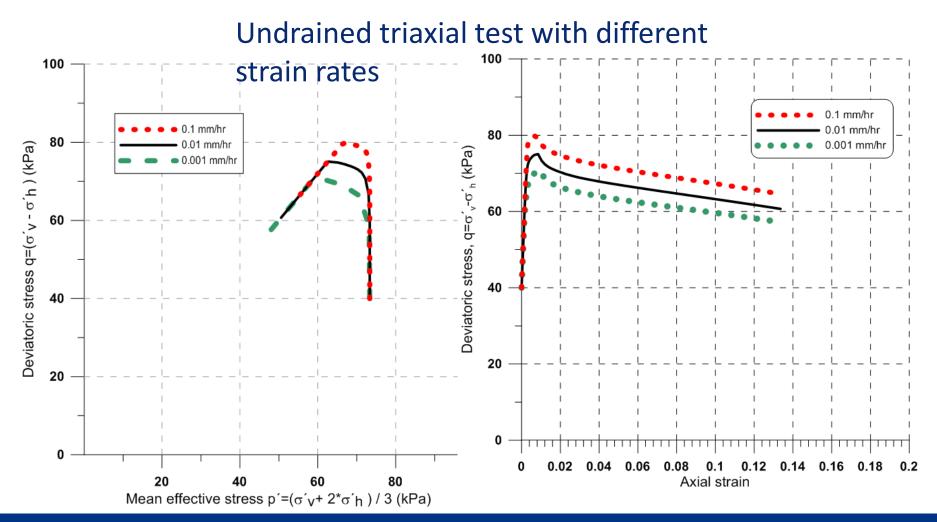


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Effect of strain rate



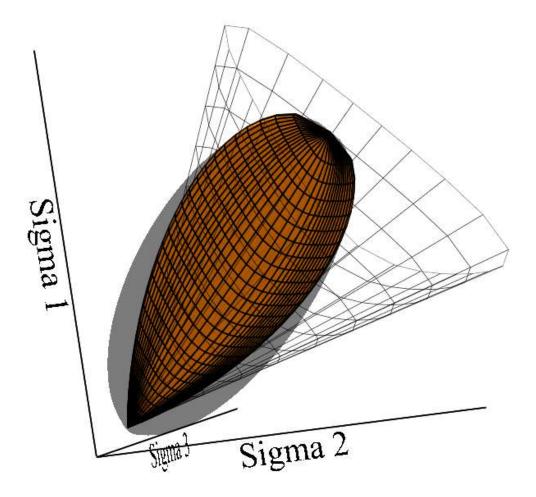




- The implementation seems to be satisfactory.
- The Benchmark gives very similar results
- Comparison of laboratory tests
 - Compression tests is captured reasonably good
 - Extension tests is NOT captured at all
- Further research

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Example of reference surfaces





Thank you

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